

AU-IBAR Strategic Plan 2024-2028 Achieving Continental Coordination for LiDeSA & PFRS

2nd AU-IBAR High-Level Coordination Meeting 25 Nov2024

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Sustainable Animal Development in Africa- Building Blocks

Research Education

&

Capacity Building Animal Health Services & Diseases Prevention and Control

Genetic Improvement & Breeding Programmes

Improved Animal Feeding & Fodder systems

Transformative Extension & Advocacy & Communication Programmes

Climate Resilience & Environmental Sustainability & Biodiversity Conservation

Gender Women & Youth empowerment

Support Value Chains Development & Market Access

Infrastructure Development

Financial Services & Insurance

Functional Cooperative/Producers Companies

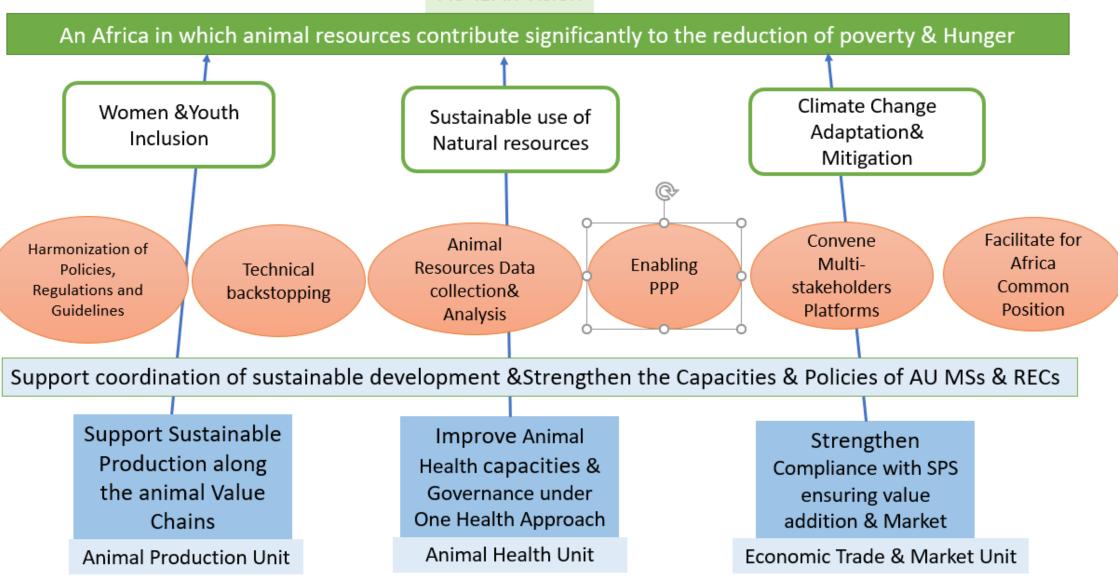
Policy & Regulatory Support





African Union-InterAfrican Bureau for Animal Resources (AU-IBAR)

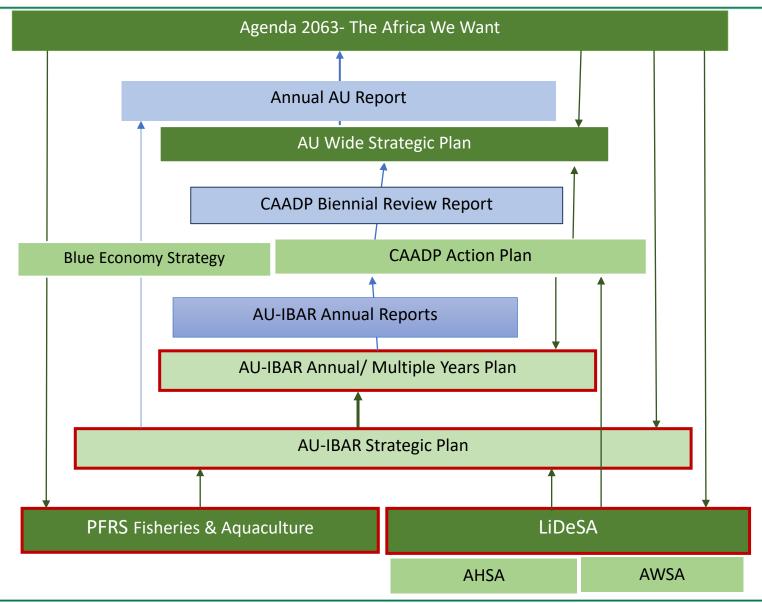
AU-IBAR Vision







Livestock Development in Africa- Continental Strategies & Programmes







Livestock Development Strategy for Africa LiDeSA 2015- 2035

Identify Gaps & Accelerate Implementation





LiDeSA Implementation- Gaps

Despite efforts at continental and regional levels to align with and to implement LiDeSA, however, the following gaps were identified:

- Low Visibility in Plans & Results Chains
- Lack of effective Coordination Mechanisms
- Lack of Agreed Monitoring & Reporting System
- Lack of Budgeting & Resource Mobilization Plan
- Weak Advocacy & Lack of Dedicated Communication Strategy



Accelerating LiDeSA Implementation- Recommendations by the stocktaking

Coordination mechanism for LiDeSA Implementation at continental and RECs levels

✓ Develop the LiDeSA M&E Framework

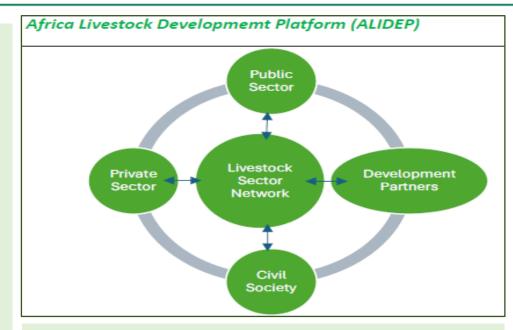
- A framework developed by the consultants and shared in the validation workshop.
- Promote monitoring and evaluation both at the level of AU-IBAR and at the level of the RECs and Member States

LiDeSA Resource Mobilization

- Integrating LiDeSA into the NAIPs
- Develop greater synergy in the interventions of technical and financial partners
- Creation of special fund for livestock development which the private sector can buy into e.g., dairy development fund and emergency disease control fund.

> LiDeSA advocacy

- Develop strategic framework for LiDeSA promotion and advocacy
- Ensure sustainable mechanisms in engaging the private sector and political support to implement LiDeSA for Livestock transformation in Africa.



- ➤ Establish LiDeSA partnership forum/livestock sector network as a governance mechanism at continental and regional levels
- Continue the dynamic of structuring value chains and strengthen the capacities of actors and professional organizations
- Ensure enabling environment and capacities for Public Private Partnership investment along Livestock value chains.





LiDeSA Monitoring Framework - Outlines

	Strategic Objectives	Key Indicators	
	SO1: Attract public and private investments along the different livestock values chains	# Priority value chains with comparative advantage at the national and regional levels identified, mapped and analyzed # MSs with PPP enabling policy environment and incentives in livestock sector # specific PPP investments framework developed for priority livestock value chains # innovative funding mechanism promoted and established	
	So2: Enhance animal health and increase production, productivity and resilience of livestock production systems	# animal health professional trained # veterinary and drug legislations, animal health and welfare standards that are harmonized and applied % of animal producers with increased access to animal health service delivery % of increment on feed and fodder production & trade per REC. # new initiatives or projects for genetic improvement that are developed and implemented through innovative research and development, business, PPP and ICT	
	SO3: Enhance innovation, generation and utilization of technologies, capacities and entrepreneurship skills of livestock value chain actors	# existing relevant technologies adopted and used # schools adding entrepreneurship and livestock business and industry training to its curricula #livestock producers trained as farming professionals # new markets created for traditional livestock products	
	SO4: Enhance access to markets, services and value addition	# initiative developed to promote local production and intra-regional distribution of essential inputs and supplies # MSs with enforced SPS measure # of MSs having new livestock product in their priority trade commodities	





AU-IBAR Strategic Plan 2024-2028

Achieving LiDeSA & PFRS





AU-IBAR Strategic Plan 2024-2028- Strategic Objectives & outputs

AU-IBAR Strategic Plan 2024- 2028

Goal "A transformed African Animal Resources Sector for enhanced contribution to food and nutrition security, socio-economic development and equitable growth"

SO 1 Improve governance and create an enabling environment for sustainable animal resource management and development

<u>SO</u> 2 Enhance access to inputs and services, and resilience and innovation of animal production and productivity systems along the animal resource value chains

SO 3 Strengthen animal health and epizootic diseases control in Africa

<u>SO</u> 4 Improve access to markets for animals and animal products

SO 5 Strengthen capacities and systems for coordinating service delivery

SO1 Outputs

- 1.1 Coherent evidence-based policies formulated for the transformation of the animal resources sector
- 1.2 Capacities and policies to identify and achieve public and private investment in animal value chains established and strengthened.
- 1.3 Robust monitoring and evaluation systems established to measure the impact of the implemented policies and programmes at medium and long term

SO2 Outputs

- 2.1Availability of Animal Feed & Fodder Promoted
- 2.2 Animal Genetics in Africa Enhanced
- 2.3 Climate Resilient & sustainable Livestock systems promoted
- 2.4 Pastoral Production Systems Transformed
- 2.5 Fisheries Ecosystems
 Conservation enhanced
- 2.6 Sustainable fisheries management and aquaculture development improved
- 2.7 Aquatic animal health, welfare & biosecurity strengthened Aquatic seed and genetics

SO3 Outputs

- 3.1 Capacity for PPR Eradication established& PPR Eradicated.
- 3.2 Capacities to eliminate rabies strengthened Rabies Eliminated.
- 3.3 One Health governance & management in Africa enhanced.
- 3.4 Sustainable & resilient
 Animal Health & welfare
 capacities in Africa
 strengthened for
 operationalizing the One Health
 Approach.

SO4 Outputs

- 4.1 SPS measures harmonization &compliance enhanced.
- 4.2 Technical Barriers to African animal commodities decreased.
- 4.3 Inter-African trade in animal commodities supported

SO5 Outputs

- 5.1 Continental, regional and MSs human resource and institutional capacities mapped and strengthened for effective service delivery mapped and strengthened
- Animal resources development data collected, analyzed and disseminated
- 5.3 Coordination mechanisms of livestock sector stakeholders at continental regional and national levels strengthened





AU-IBAR Strategic Plan 2024-2028- Key Results Areas (Projects / initiatives)

SO1 Projects/initiatives/systems:

Building Capacities:

- Strengthen capacities building initiatives aimed at strengthening policy formulation, identifying and building PPPs, and measuring the impacts of implemented policies and programmes (26-28)
- 2.Support advisory and extension services capacities at RECs & AU MSs and update of relevant curriculums (25-28)
- 3.Strengthen PPP capacities for investing in animal resources sector (26-28)

Improve Governance/ coordination:

- 4.Facilitate formulation, endorsement & harmonization of evidence-based and continental policies and regulations.24-28
- 5.Improve generation, dissemination and utilization of knowledge for sustainable animal resources development.24-28

SO2 Projects/initiatives/systems:

Building Capacities:

- Animal Genetics Resources in Africa conserved and sustainably utilized (26-28)
- 2.Livestock Value Chain expanded & transformed (resilient PPPPs) (26-28)
- 3.Climate Resilient & sustainable Livestock systems promoted (25- 27)
- 3.Aquatic biodiversity conservation (26-28)
- 4.Aquatic animal health, welfare & biosecurity capacities strengthened (26-28)

Improve Governance/

coordination:

- Availability of Animal Feed & Fodder Promoted (23-25) (26-28)
- Pastoral Production Systems Transformed 24-27 (GF)
- 7. FishGov2 (21-25) FishGov3 (26-28)

SO3 Projects/initiatives/systems:

Building Capacities:

- 1.Capacity for PPR Eradication established and initiate PPR eradication.25-27 (24-30 EU wth FAO&WOAH)
- 2.Sustainable & resilient Animal Health & Welfare services in Africa strengthened. 26-30 (26-28)
- 3. Capacity Rabies established and rabies eliminates.26-30 (25-30 wth FAO&WOAH& parnters)
- Cross border One Health capacities for transhumance corridors in Africa strengthened 25-27 (25-27 partners)

Improve Governance/

coordination:

- One Health data governance & management in Africa enhanced 23-25 GIZ)
- Continental Strategies developed
 implemented
- African PPP Forum for Veterinary domain established 24-wthWOAH)

SO4 Projects/ initiatives/ systems:

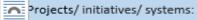
Building Capacities:

- AU 1.MS competencies for AMR monitoring in animal sector improved 24-28
- MS capacities on risk-based sanitary measure for market access strengthened 24-28
- 3.Traceability, market integration& PPP for leather investments strengthened 26-28 (wth ALLPI)

Improve Governance/

coordination:

- 4. Africa Common Position in standard setting bodies coordinated & supported Annually
- 5. SPS governance, compliance strengthened 24-28



Building Capacities:

- 1.AU COEs for building capacities established/ improved: Fisheries & Aquaculture (14CoEs EU, SIDA); TADs prevention & Control, Animal Feed & Nutrition...etc. (24-28)
- Animal Resources Data and information systems (ARIS) enhanced. 25-27
- building REC capacities to coordinate Animal Production, Health and SPS initiatives 25-28
- Support the monitoring of strategies implementation in AU MS through RECs, including the monitoring of LiDeSA & PFRS implementation for sustainable development and achieving food & nutrition security. 25-27

Improve Governance/

coordination:

- Animal Resources performance Platform established 25-26
- Livestock Investment Coordination
 System established 26-27
- 6.1st AU Conference for Sustainable Animal Resource Development 28





AU-IBAR Log Frame 2025-2027

Key Projects 2025





2025-2027 AU-IBAR Results Chain contributing to AU wide Strategy

Outcome 1	Enhance inclusive equitable& sustainable Economic growth	
SO 1.1	Increase agricultural production & productivity	
SO 1.2	Promote value addition for African commodities	
SO 1.3	Increase economic resilience AU-IBAR Indicator (1) Contribution of Fisheries to Agriculture GDP	
SO 1.4	Increase investment in Blue economy AU-IBAR Indicator (2) Contribution of Livestock to Agriculture GDP	
	AU-IBAR Indicator (3) Livestock in priority 5 Commodities in Trade Index	

- 1.1 PPP investments along value chains supported. 1.2 Animal feed& fodder chains supported.
- 1.3 Animal Genetics improved. 1.4 Pastoral production transformed.
- 1.5 Fisheries & aquaculture production governed, increased & sustained.
- 1.6 Aquatic biodiversity conserved & protected.
- 2.1 PPR eradicated. 2.2 TADs (eg, ASF, CBPP) prevented & controlled.
- 2.3 National ®ional veterinary services capacities strengthened.
- 2.4 One Health operationalized. 2.5 Rabies, AAT & Brucellosis controlled.
- 2.6 Animal welfare ensured. 2.7 PPPs for animal health supported.
- 3.1 SPS measures harmonization & compliance enhanced.
- 3.2 Technical Barriers to African animal commodities decreased.
- 3.3 Inter-African trade in animal commodities supported

- 1. Animal production& productivity along sustainable value chains improved & maintained
- Animal health capacities and governance strengthened
- 3. Access to market for animal commodities improved

- Sustainable production & improved market access for animal &
- animal products, while ensuring One
- Health for
- Africa





Achieving AU-IBAR Strategic Plan- Key Achievements 2024

Key planned activities 2023	Key Achievements in 2024		
Strengthen strategic –long term- planning and mobilize resources	✓ AU-IBAR Strategic Plan with Resource Mobilization framework drafted and being finalized		
Improve Animal Resources Information System (ARIS)	 ✓ Version 3 initiated 2023, and developed. ✓ Assessment for ARIS upgrade conducted for interoperability with the OH digital platform 		
Establish M&E System for LiDeSA	✓ Stocktaking on LiDeSA implementation conducted in collaboration with FAO RAF, report		
Develop and disseminate a regular assessment on the performance of Africa animal	✓ A proposal on the Animal Resources performance Dashboard developed in collaboration with Development Gateway		
Activate and improve The Bulletin of Animal Health and Production in Africa (BAHPA)	✓ AU-IBAR year book is being drafted by the team		
AU-IBAR Visibility and Advocacy	 ✓ AU-IBAR Website renovated ✓ AU-IBAR Knowledge Management, communication & Advocacy Strategy developed 		
New projects	✓ APMDP project✓ New projects proposals were drafted and submitted		
	✓ Construction process of AU Campus in Nairobi initiated		





Achieving AU-IBAR Strategic Plan- Key Projects & Event 2025

Key Projects/ Initiatives

- First phase of "PPR Eradication from Africa"
 (Multi-partner Agreement led by AU 2024-2027)
- Developing, validating and endorsing the "Continental Strategy & Action Plan for Rabies Elimination from Africa"
- Developing, validating and endorsing the" Continental Strategy of Donkey Preservation in Africa".

Events

- 2nd PADCO March 2025
- 16th Pan African CVO meeting May 2025
- 37th ISCTRC August 2025
- 6th STC ARDWE Octo ber 2025



PPR Project- Results` Summary Nov 2024- Nov 2027

PAPS Composition: Team Leader (Regular staff provided by AU-IBAR); Project Officer/ Disease control and management Expert (AU-IBAR), Epidemiologist (FAO), Animal health expert (WOAH), M&E Expert (AU-IBAR), 4 Regional Coordinators (AU-IBAR to deploy to ECCAS, ECOWAS, IGAD and SADC), Communications officer (AU-IBAR), Laboratory expert (AU-PANVAC), Administrative assistant (AU-IBAR), Finance officer (AU-IBAR)

communications officer (1.6 15/11/) Laboratory expert (1.6 17/11/11/11/11/16/15/11/) remained officer (1.6 15/11/)				
Outcome	Output			
Outcome 1: Strengthen the capacity of regional/continental actors and institutions to respond to threats of transboundary diseases of sheep and goats in Africa.	Output 1.1 The capacity of AU-IBAR, Regional Economic Communities (ECOWAS, ECCAS, IGAD and SADC), regional and sub-regional offices of FAO and WOAH and other key stakeholders to coordinate continental and regional transboundary animal disease programmes strengthened			
goats in Airica.	Output 1.2 The capacity of AU-PANVAC to certify the quality of veterinary vaccines used in sub-Saharan Africa, supply diagnostic test kits to national and regional laboratories and to organise inter-laboratory testing strengthened			
Outcome 2: Establish and strengthen a system of governance for coordinating the global PPR eradication in SSA with a strategy of planned	Output 2.1 PPR eradication coordination and governance structures established at continental, regional and national levels			
actions with a clear project architecture based in Africa, closely linked to coordination initiatives	Output 2.2 Strategy of planned actions developed with stakeholders			
Outcome 3: Prepare and organise the vaccination strategy in response to PPR at all stages, clearly highlighting the expected vaccine demand in SSA and establish the state of play of PPR vaccination	Output 3.1 The distribution of PPR and animal mobility in infected countries/ regions mapped, risk maps as a basis for delineating PPR episystems developed and Member States such as Cape Verde, Mauritius, Sao Tome and Principe, Seychelles eligible for PPR freedom status on historical basis supported.			
as an element in the global strategy for PPR eradication	Output 3.2 Vaccination strategy clearly highlighting the expected vaccine demand developed based on a clear understanding of the PPR epidemiological systems (episystems) in the different contexts in regions of SSA; risk- based vaccination in selected areas (Mano River, protection areas (Angola, Burundi, DRC, Rwanda and Tanzania) conducted and emergency disease outbreak responses supported on a need basis			













