





PAN AFRICA PROGRAM FOR THE ERADICATION OF PPR AND THE CONTROL OF OTHER PRIORITY SMALL RUMINANT DISEASES (2023-2027) AND THE PREPARATORY PHASE PROJECT



Highlights on recent Capacity Support to ensure functional capacities and systems are in place for the Eradication of PPR and other Priority



Capacity building in Surveillance

- Roll-out trainings on Kenya Animal Biosurveillance system (KABS) -a mobile application that allows surveillance officers to enter data into the system directly from the field using standardized surveillance forms
- A strong disease surveillance and reporting system is well in line with the Kenya development vision (Vision 2030)
- The International trading in livestock and livestock products require regular credible reports on a country's disease status to allow for risk assessment by trading partners.
- 37 veterinary Staff from public and private sectors drawn from Mombasa County and Tana River counties
- 41 veterinary Staff from public and private sectors draw Nairobi and Kajiado County.
- Training on "How to develop surveillance Plans"
- Training on "Rapid Risk Assessment"



Dr Kahariri Making a presentation during the training



Highlights on recent Capacity Support to ensure functional capacities and systems are in place for the Eradication of PPR and other Priority



Coordination and Harmonisation of TADS control in the region

 Regional harmonization and coordination for the prevention, control and eradication of the transboundary animal diseases (TADs) is a foundational prerequisite for SPS compliance. Regional harmonization, coordination and information sharing for enhanced veterinary services facilitated through facilitating convenings of Eastern Africa-RAHN, in partnership with ICPALD, FAO and WOAH, that promote coordination, harmonization and information sharing to reduce threats from transboundary animal diseases (TADs) on food security, livelihoods and safe trade;

Highlights on recent Capacity Support to ensure functional capacities and systems are in place for the Eradication of PPR and other Priority TADs

Institutional strengthening: AU-IBAR support to AU-MS to review and update veterinary legislation



Capacity building Training in veterinary legislation for 114 participants comprising Two (2) veterinary technical experts and One (1) legal expert from 37 countries: Benin, Cameroon, Chad, Comoros, Congo, DRC, Egypt, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Kenya, Lesotho, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Niger, Nigeria, Sao Tome & Principe, Sierra Leone, South Sudan, The Gambia, Zambia and Zimbabwe; Somalia, Sudan, Libya, Guinea Bissau, Togo, Djibouti, Tanzania, Cape Verde, Tunisia, Madagascar, Mauritius, Eswatini and Botswana

Highlights on recent Capacity Support to ensure functional capacities and systems are in place for the Eradication of PPR and other Priority TADs

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- Supported the validation workshop for the Kenya (Animal Health Bill, Animal Welfare and Protection Bill, Veterinary Public Health Bill are before Parliament)
- There enactment will lead to efficient deliver of veterinary services for the promotion of animal health, animal welfare, food safety and public health



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PAN AFRICA PROGRAM FOR THE ERADICATION OF PPR AND THE CONTROL OF OTHER PRIORITY SMALL RUMINANT DISEASES (2023-2027)





Goal



Goal : Sustainable contribution of the livestock sector to food security and nutrition, livelihoods, resilience, economic growth and biodiversity through an integrated multi sectoral approach.







Expected Outcomes



Intermediate Outcomes

- Eradication of PPR in Africa by 2030 and reduced effect of other highimpact small ruminant diseases (First level intermediate outcome)
- oImproved small ruminants value chain efficiency and access to markets particularly for women, youth and other vulnerable groups
- Enhanced access to animal health value chain markets
- Enhanced coordination, partnerships and management



- 1. Eradication of PPR in Africa by 2030 and reduced effect of other high-impact small ruminant diseases
- Epidemiological capacities to detect, eradicate PPR and prevent its reemergence strengthened
- Capacities to conduct surveillance and diagnosis of PPR and other highimpact small ruminant diseases improved
- Effects of other high-impact small ruminant diseases reduced
- 2. Improved small ruminants value chain efficiency and access to markets particularly for women, youth and other vulnerable groups
- Capacity of small ruminant value chain actors to access markets strengthened
- Participation of women and youth in small ruminants' value chains enhanced
- Inter and intra-regional networks for sustainable natural resources management for resilience in small ruminant production systems supported

Results by the respective intermediate outcomes



- 3. Enhanced access to animal health services along animal value chains and markets.
- Veterinary services strengthened, & public-private partnerships enhanced
- Constraints, priorities, and solutions for community health threats identified
- 4. Enhanced coordination, partnerships and management
- National and Regional Strategic Plans revised
- Systems for monitoring and evaluation improved
- Multi-sectoral and multi-stakeholder partnerships and coordination strengthened
- Coordination and communication mechanisms strengthened

Budget Mobilization Plan

- Member States : **30%** (**157,8 M€**)
- European Union: **30% (157,8 M€)**
- Other Development Partners (USaid, Australian aid, Gates Foundation, JICA, AfDB, IsDB, FDA, DFID, African Philantrop and multinational Companies...): 40% (210,4 M€)

Required Total Budget: 528 M€



The Launch of the Pan Africa PPR Eradication Programme



- The program was Launched on the , 17-18 March 2022, Nairobi Kenya during the celebration of the 10th Anniversary of Rinderpest Eradication and the 70th Anniversary of AU-IBAR;
- During the Launch of the PPR Programme (2023-2027) the Ministers made the Nairobi Declaration and urged the AU Commission, RECS, Member States and Partners to renew and enhance commitments to the eradication of PPR;
- Panafrican PPR eradication program aligned with GEP-II- done under GF-TADs Africa umbrella



Ministerial Meeting on PPR Eradication by 2030/Nairobi Declaration in the make the control of th Support of PPR Eradication in Africa





OFFICIAL LAUNCH OF THE PPR PROGRAM BY AFRICAN MINISTERS ON 18TH MARCH 2022



The Pan Africa PPR Secretariat (PAP)



- PAP an African coordination mechanism for all activities related to PPR eradication initiatives to provide a dedicated, focused and effective center for a better coordinated and harmonized effort on the continent;
- A Paris Declaration on the establishment of Pan African PPR Secretariat was made on the, 21 May 2023, Paris, France and the;
- PAPS was officially launched on 21st May 2023 in Paris, France prior to WOAH 90th General Assembly
- PAP has been established and is domiciled at AU-IBAR;





The Overall Objective of the Action is to ensure the contribution of small ruminants (including wildlife) to more resilient agri-food systems and livelihoods in sub-Saharan Africa.

The Specific Objectives of this Action are to:

- 1. Strengthen the capacity of regional/ continental actors and institutions to respond to threats of transboundary diseases of sheep and goats in Africa.
- 2.Establish and strengthen a system of governance for coordinating the global PPR eradication in SSA with a strategy of planned actions with a clear project architecture based in Africa, closely linked to global coordination initiatives
- 3. Prepare and organize the vaccination strategy in response to PPR at all stages, clearly highlighting the expected vaccine demand in SSA and establish the state of play of PPR vaccination as an element in the global strategy for PPR eradication.

The action will commence late 2023/early 2024 for 2 years.



Outputs by objectives

- 1. Strengthen the capacity of regional/ continental actors and institutions to respond to threats of transboundary diseases of sheep and goats in Africa.
- 1.1 The capacity of AU-IBAR, Regional Economic Communities (ECOWAS, ECCAS, IGAD and SADC), regional and sub-regional offices of FAO and WOAH and other key stakeholders to coordinate continental and regional transboundary animal disease programmes strengthened.
- 1.2 The capacity of AU-PANVAC to certify the quality of veterinary vaccines used in sub-Saharan Africa, supply diagnostic test kits to national and regional laboratories and to organise interlaboratory testing strengthened.



Outputs by objective:

- 2.Establish and strengthen a system of governance for coordinating the global PPR eradication in SSA with a strategy of planned actions with a clear project architecture based in Africa, closely linked to global coordination initiatives
- 2.1 PPR eradication coordination and governance structures established at continental, regional and national levels
- 2.2 Strategy of planned actions developed with stakeholders





Outputs by Objectives:

- 3. Prepare and organize the vaccination strategy in response to PPR at all stages, clearly highlighting the expected vaccine demand in SSA and establish the state of play of PPR vaccination as an element in the global strategy for PPR eradication.
- 3.1 The distribution of PPR and animal mobility in infected countries/ regions mapped, risk maps as a basis for delineating PPR episystems developed and member states such as Cape Verde, Mauritius, Sao Tome and Principe, Seychelles eligible for PPR freedom status on historical basis supported.
- 3.2 Vaccination strategy clearly highlighting the expected vaccine demand developed based on a clear understanding of the PPR epidemiological systems (episystems) in the different contexts in regions of SSA; risk- based vaccination in selected areas (Manu river, protection areas (Angola, DRC and Tanzania)) conducted and emergency disease outbreak response supported on need basis





The 5th STC ENDORSED the Pan African Programme for the eradication of PPR and control of other priority small ruminant diseases for immediate implementation in our respective countries and regions and by partners.

- ENDORSED the establishment of Pan African PPR Secretariat at AU-IBAR to lead, plan, and coordinate all activities related to PPR eradication initiatives in order to have a dedicated, focused and effective centre for a better harmonized disease control effort on the continent and to eradicate the disease with desirable outcomes and impacts among them, enhance food and nutrition security, create jobs, youth and women empowerment eliminate poverty and improve the well-being and livelihoods of the people of the African Union member States.
- REQUEST the AU Commission, AUDA-NEPAD and partners with the support of MS, to mobilize resources for the eradication of PPR on the continent by 2030; and to this end, welcomes and strongly supports the current discussions initiated by AUC and partners with the European Union and other partners such AfDB, WB, IsDB BMGF among others.



Thank you

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Guiding Frameworks and Strategies for Animal Health

Implementation of Mandate within context of:

- Agenda 2063
- Malabo Declaration
- Livestock Development Strategy (LiDeSA)
- Policy Framework & Reform Strategy for Fisheries in Africa (PRFA)
- The Animal Health Strategy for Africa (AHSA)
- Animal Welfare Strategy for Africa (AWSA)-Integrating the welfare Interest of Humans and Animals in Africa





